

Global review for 2nd year baccalaureate

Suggested by

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Grammar

The Present Tenses

PUT THE VERBS IN BRACKETS IN THE CORRECT TENSE.

1. Tom : Hi. Jamal. Any news about Brahim ? I (not see).....
Him for weeks!
2. At the moment, a foreign NGO (to prepare)a huge
project for human development in rural areas in Yemen.
3. We (work) with the ministry of education on the same
project since then.
4. Tourism (be) a vital sector to the Moroccan economy. The
authorities (work) hard for many years to promote the
tourist industry.
5. Moroccan authorities (be)interested in developing the
tourist industry for many years.
6. Great efforts to save our planet.
are making - were making - are being made
7. My classmates and I are working on a school project. So far, we (finish)
..... the first part.

Past Tenses

GIVE THE RIGHT FORM TO THE VERBS BETWEEN BRACKETS:

1. After she (complete).....a course in Spanish, Nora joined Granada University.
2. She (drive)..... to work an hour ago.
3. They (spend).....the whole day in the beach yesterday.
4. Laura went to the English club after she (finish)..... her homework.
5. Chorouk (start).....singing three years ago.
6. I (cannot)..... answer the phone when you called last night.
7. Hicham: Have you ever been to Zagora?
John: No never. I (visit).....Ouarzazate last summer.
8. Ahmed (work).....as a waiter for fifteen years in Spain before he (start).....his own business three years ago.
9. Last year, about nine million tourists (visit).....Morocco.
10. Mike: Have you heard from Jennifer? (She / manage)
.....to catch the train last night?
David: Unfortunately not. When she (get).....to the station, the train (already / leave).....
11. Mr Taylor (come).....to Glasgow in 2000. He (work)
..... in the same factory for almost ten years.
12. Hi Tom, I'm in Ouarzazate now. I (come).....here four days ago after I (visit).....Marrakesh.
13. My parents (move).....to this city before I was born.
14. In a press conference, the president of El Amal Association said: "Last October, we (start).....a project to fight illiteracy."
15. Yesterday, Bob and David (go).....to the cinema, but when they arrived, they found that the film (already/ start)
..... So, they decided to have a walk along the coast.
16. After Karim (get).....his visa last month, he (go)
..... to France to start a new business.
17. Hans: Were you still living with your parents when you (get)
.....your Bac?
Salim: No, I (join).....a boarding school in Casablanca three years before that.
Hans: Did you enjoy your stay there?
Salim: Not at all. I wish I (be).....with my family.
18. After Nabil (retire).....from work, he moved to the countryside.

19. The heavy rainfalls (damage).....a lot of roads last December.
20. I wish I (not / miss).....my friend's wedding, he was really disappointed.
21. "Our son (run away).....from home last week" the father said.
22. When he (finish).....his studies in Europe, Kamal returned to Morocco.
23. Najib Sidqi (get).....his degree in marketing before he started work at the bank. In 2007, he (conduct).....a piece of research on developing customer services.
24. While I was watching a film yesterday, I (hear).....my neighbor quarreling with a stranger.
25. Last Monday, while firemen were trying to put out the fire in the forest, two helicopters (join).....them.
26. Noura (not / be).....sure when she was going to have the internet at home. Yesterday, she (have).....a very pleasant surprise. When she got home, her father (already / connect) her computer to the internet.

Future Tenses

PUT THE VERBS BETWEEN BRACKETS IN THE CORRECT TENSE:

1. By the end of 2016, they (to be)in Morocco for thirty years.

2. Last year 7.5 million tourists had visited Morocco. Another 8 million (probably/ to come) next year. Government officials hope that by the year 2018 the number of tourists (to reach) 10 million.

3. We hope that by the end of 2017, the local authorities (replant)
.....the forest.

4. By the year 2020, the government (solve)..... the problem of unemployment.

5. By the end of this term, we (complete)the whole project.

6. By the end of next year, she (release)her first video clip.

7. I (call)you as soon as I get to the airport.

8. By the end of June, most students (take) their final exams.

9. Tony is very competent. His boss (send) him to attend an international conference next month.

10. His wife (join) him soon if she gets her visa.

11. I guess, by the year 2016, we (achieve) our goals.

12. I think, by the end of this month, he (start)..... his new course in business management.

GERUND AND INFINITIVE

FILL IN EACH GAP WITH AN APPROPRIATE WORD OR EXPRESSION FROM THE LIST.

1. Do you enjoy mysteries or science fiction books?
read - reading - to read
2. Latifa will join us for dinner when she finishes. the baby.
feeding-feed-to feed
3. Your results weren't satisfactory last semester, you'd better.....
harder.
to work-work-working
4. I suggest our website to make it more attractive.
updating -to update-update
5. Hassan is looking forward tothe new car he has just ordered.
drive-driving- have driven
6. You've lost too much weight, you'd better. a doctor.
see - seeing - to see
7. I don't feel likeany work this afternoon; I just want to relax.
do-to do-doing
8. Try to avoid.food that contains too much fat.
to eat-eating-eat
9. Don't forget me a call when you get home.
to give-giving-give
10. My aunt promised me when she gets to Amsterdam.
calling-to call-call
11. Laura doesn't really regret the opportunity to marry.
miss-missing-missed
12. Whenever I see this film, I can't stop
laugh -laughing -to laugh

13. Stephanie stopped when she realized that she had breathing problems.

smoke- smoking - smoked

14. Would you mind the boss tomorrow?

call - calling - to call

15. Oliver enjoys to rap music.

to listen - listen - listening

Tenses (MCQs)

FILL IN EACH GAP WITH AN APPROPRIATE WORD OR PHRASE FROM THE LIST.

1. I can't find my car's keys. I must them at home.
leave -- be leaving -- have left
2. Hassan is looking forward to the new car he has just ordered.
drive -- driving -- have driven
3. By the end of next June, Brad from college.
graduates -- will have graduated -- has graduated
4. Jamal part time jobs he was a student.
was used to -- used to -- used
5. By the end of June, most students their final exams.
have taken -- are taking -- will have taken
6. If you earlier about the bad weather, I would have stayed at home.
tell -- had told -- will tell
7. Great efforts to save our planet.
are making -- were making -- are being made

Modals

FILL IN EACH GAP WITH AN APPROPRIATE WORD OR PHRASE FROM THE LIST.

1. **may -- have -- must**
We be at the bus stop at 08:00 if we don't want to miss the bus.
2. **must -- need to -- wouldn't -- may -- needn't**
 - a. Why don't you read this story? You like it.
 - b. You go to the university to register: you can send your application by email.
3. **need -- not need -- needn't**
Workers bring their old uniforms. The company will give them new ones.
4. **wouldn't -- can't -- needn't**
You buy a ticket for the match; I have got two invitations.
5. **can't be -- shouldn't be -- needn't be**
Jane: Look! Is that Tim crossing the street?
Rich: No, it Tim . He is on holiday in Turkey.
6. **might have -- would have -- will have**
Richard can't find his mobile phone. He left it in his father's car.
7. **will -- may -- could**
I wish I help you, I'm too busy right now.
8. **won't -- doesn't -- can't**
Sami have cheated in the exam. He is honest and hard-working.
9. **needn't -- couldn't -- wouldn't**
You carry this suitcase; the porter will take care of it.
10. **have -- may -- need**
My parents Travel at the weekend if the weather is nice.

B. REWRITE THESE SENTENCES BEGINNING WITH THE WORDS GIVEN.

- 1. It's 9.30 and my friend hasn't arrived yet. It's probable that he missed the bus
He might
- 2. Aicha has an American accent. I'm sure she studied in the USA.
She must.....
- 3. Why don't you call the ambulance immediately after the accident?
You should

Phrasal verbs

FILL IN THE BLANKS WITH THE APPROPRIATE PHRASAL VERBS FROM THE LISTS:

1. **Look up – turn down – hand out – take off – take care – set up**
 - a. Mrs Baker couldn't find someone to.....of her grandmother during her absence.
 - b. Because of the heavy rain, the plane could not.....
 - c. In my view, you shouldn'tsuch a well-paid job.

2. **set up – come back – calm down – look up – fill in – apply for.**

I need to.....this application form. I want toa visa to Canada. I'm going to study management there and hope to.....a new business when Ito Morocco.

3. **look after – put off – stand for – look forward to – bring about – find out.**
 - a. The aim of the Family Code in Morocco is to..... changes in the social conditions of women and children.
 - b. I.....seeing you again next summer.
 - c. Have you tried to.....how much this mobile phone costs ?
 - d. The initials WHOWorld Health Organization.

4. **turns down – goes through – calms down – comes back – breaks down**

Tim : What does your father do when his car..... ?
David : Guess what ? He gets very furious and starts shouting . But soon and calls a mechanic.

5. **write down – turn up – calm down – go through – fill in**

Samir : Why do you look so confused ?
Jalal : I really don't know how to.....this application form.
Samir : Oh come on !your name first and I'll help you with the rest.

6. **log on – take down – stand for – give up – make up**
 - a. Ali decided to.....smoking when he became a father.
 - b. I rarelyto social networks like Facebook and Twitter.

7. **go out – turn on – find out – break down – show up**
- If Ahmed doesn't.....in five minutes, we'll call him up.
 - The detectives are still trying to.....the person who killed the singer.
8. **show up – find out – set off – make up – stand for – go through – take up – catch up.**
- Ali : I will probably.....Spanish at the university.
Jason : Good idea ! You'll soon.....that it is easier than French.
Leila : What does UN ?
Susan :United Nations, I think.
 - I waited for the guests for two hours but they didn't
.....
9. **give up – go through – pick up – find out – put up**
- I need to.....why my daughter's mark are so bad this semester.
 - Did youany Amazigh words during your stay in Tafraout ?
10. **set up – write down – grow up – log on – stand for**
- You can'tto your Facebook account if you forget your password.
 - Samir wants to.....his own import- export business.
11. **make up – put on – set up**
- Our teacher intend toa new English club.
12. **turn down – agree with – look after.**
- I usually don't.....him on this point.
13. **look after - calm down - call for - turn up - look up**
- When you are reading a textt, it isn't necessary to
..... every new word in the dictionary.
 - Many NGO's often laws to prtect children from violence.
14. **went out – came back- put out – found out – brought back**
- Wife : I just that Tommy isn't taking school seriously.
Husband : How come ?
Wife : When Ihome from work, the school called to tell me that his grades were below average.

15. make up – bring about – go through –turn down - keep on

- a. Connecting schools to the internet will certainly
Important changes in education.
- b. "I will be back in a few minutes. Justworking"
The teacher said.

16. make up – break down – log on – grow up - turn down

- a. I can't The invitation. It's an opportunity for me to
meet some important people.
- b. These washing machines are cheap but they quickly
.....

B. FILL IN THE BLANKS WITH THE APPROPRIATE PARTICLE FROM THE LIST:

Across – up – over – about – for

- a. We couldn't set.....a new company because our application for a loan
was turned down.
- b. New technologies have brought.....big changes in our daily
life.

Relative Pronouns

FILL IN THE GAPS WITH THE APPROPRIATE WORDS FROM THE LIST:

1. Do you know the film won the Oscar last year?

who- which- when

2. Students work hard often do well in their exams.

who- whom- which

3. The police are taking the criminal back to the apartment..... he killed the old woman.

which- whose- where

4. The doctor you met yesterday was my classmate.

which- whose- whom

5. Doctors say that people eat a lot of fruit and vegetables remain healthy.

Who- whose- whom

6. Do you know a good technicianrepairs computers?

whose- who- which

7. The writer novels were translated into many languages won the Nobel Prize.

whose- who- which

8. Maggie Knight is the only student application has been accepted.

who- whose- whom

9. The Internet, is widely used in many aspects of life, may have a negative impact on teenagers.

who- whose- which

10. The man phoned yesterday didn't give his name.

which- whose- who

11. The village we grew up has completely changed.

where- which- whose

12. Eddy Murphie, was born in New York in 1961, is a famous comedian.

whose- who- which

13. Tahar Benjelloun, got the Dublin Literary Award in 2004, is a Moroccan writer.

whose- whom- who

14. Many Moroccan immigrants live abroad would like to return to Morocco they can invest their money. They have promising projects will help to improve the local economy.

where- which- who- whom- whose

15. This is the house we used to live ten years ago.

16. The architect..... designed this enormous building is Moroccan.

whose- where- who-whom- when

17. The Wilsons celebrated their 20th wedding anniversary in the restaurant.....
..... they first met.

18. Latifa lost the iphone cost her 5000 DH.

where- whose- which- whom- who

19. I can't remember received the Noble Prize in physics last year.

20. The Souss Valley in Morocco is the area Argan trees grow.

where- whose- who- which- when

21. Jack: is it Allen will be in charge of the new library?

Henry: Yes. He is the only one..... application has been accepted.

whose- which- whom- who

22. He wants to know..... country will organize the next Olympic Games.

23. The young man is next to me in the picture is my neighbour.

when- whom- who- which- where

24. This is the video was seen by millions of viewers this week. It shows the suffering of families children were killed in the war.

who- where- which- when- whose

Passive Voice

REWRITE THESE SENTENCES BEGINNING WITH THE WORDS GIVEN.

1. They will build a new library in our neighbourhood.
A new library
2. The government has built new hotels to attract tourists.
New hotels
3. They decorated Nancy's room with balloons and flowers.
Nancy's room
4. The government has implemented a new educational system.
A new educational system
5. The committee selected two films for an international festival.
Two films
6. Muslims celebrate Aid Alfitr on the first of Chaoual.
Aid Alfitr
7. Local authorities should take measures to protect our environment from pollution.
Measures
.....
8. Candidates mustn't use mobile phones during the exam.
Mobile phones
9. Parents shouldn't keep medicines within children's reach.
Medicines
.....
10. The government should take measures to reintegrate street children into society.
Measures
.....
11. A Moroccan association built a school for disabled children in our city.
A school for disabled children
.....

12. The association has funded many social projects.
Many social projects
13. The government launched an educational program in 2006.
An educational program
14. A multinational company offered Leila a good job.
Leila
15. Our school has used Massar to process students' marks.
Massar
.....
16. We should encourage our students to take part in social activities.
Our students
17. People should avoid excessive use of the internet.
Excessive use of the internet
.....
18. Mark Zuckerberg created Facebook.
Facebook
19. The company will test a new data system.
A new data system
20. The world financial leaders signed a new trade agreement last month.
A new trade agreement
21. They have published a new report on divorce rate in the Times magazine.
A new report on divorce rate
22. People should check their cars before travelling.
Cars
23. They will build two boarding schools in our areas.
Two boarding schools
.....
24. They published the article in a weekly magazine.
The article
25. We didn't send the invitations on time.

The invitations

.....

26. You must send your application before the end of March.

Your application

.....

27. Parents should encourage children to eat healthy food.

Children

28. The two partners have negotiated a new contract.

A new contract

29. We should respect old people.

Old people

30. The British company will employ more qualified workers next year.

More qualified workers

31. An earthquake destroyed a city in New Zealand.

A city in New Zealand

32. The members of the association may elect a woman president.

A woman president

Expressing Wishes and Regrets

REWRITE THESE SENTENCES BEGINNING WITH THE WORDS GIVEN:

1. Simon regrets abandoning his university studies.
He wishes.....
2. I didn't go on holidays last summer.
I wish
3. John feels regret for not helping his friends .
John wishes.....
4. Nelly didn't revise her lessons ; so, she got bad marks.
She wishes
5. It's a pity you didn't take part in the school competition.
I wish you.....
6. 'I didn't accept Jamal's marriage proposal', Leila said with regret.
Leila wishes.....
7. It's a pity I didn't study Biology.
He wishes.....
8. I can't watch this film because I don't have a DVD player.
If only.....
9. Rogers lost all his money in the lottery the other day.
He wishes.....
10. What a pity! I didn't send them the message on time.
If only.....
11. Younes said:"I regret having accepted my first cigarette".
If only.....
12. Brahim didn't attend last year's free computer classes.
He wishes.....
13. Saida left school at an early age.
The teacher wishes.....

14. It's a pity Ibrahim doesn't revise his lessons regularly
The teacher wishes.....

15. Mounir dropped out of school at an early age
He wishes.....

16. It's a pity I don't have enough money to pay for my studies
I wish.....

17. It's a pity I didn't watch the Spanish derby yesterday.
If only.....

18. Mr. Johnson didn't follow his doctor's advice
Mr. Johnson's wishes.....

Conditionals

REWRITE THE SENTENCES BEGINNING WITH THE WORDS GIVEN:

1. Amadou didn't stay in France because he didn't have a job.
If
2. Emma didn't save enough money; she couldn't buy a computer.
If Emma
3. I don't have a modem, so I can't have access to the internet.
If
4. Yassine had a terrible accident because he didn't stop at the red light.
If
- ...
5. I don't have enough money, so I can't buy a laptop.
If
6. Kamal doesn't have a driving license, so he can't drive his father's car.
If Kamal
7. I had a bad mark at the test because I didn't prepare well.
If I
8. Alice didn't win the national competition because she didn't train enough.
If
9. I'm not good at math; I can't solve this problem.
If I
10. Tim can't get a better job because he doesn't have enough experience.
If Tim
11. Our team didn't qualify for the final match because they didn't play well.
If, they
12. I couldn't send the photo by email because I didn't have a scanner.
If I, I
13. I didn't finish the report yesterday because my computer broke down.
If my computer
14. Bouchra and her husband don't have enough money. They can't move to a new apartment.
If
15. Samir goes to a cybercafé because he does not have an Internet connection.
If Samir
16. Kawthar was late for school yesterday; that's why she missed her math test.
If Kawthar
17. I can't use WhatsApp because I have no internet connection.

If

18. Badre didn't get a bank loan; so he wasn't able to set up his business.

If Badre

.....

Linking Words

A. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH THE APPROPRIATE WORDS FROM THE LIST.

1. her wealth, she refused to live in big cities.

Although – Since – Unfortunately – Despite

2. Shelly practiced well for the driving test;she passed it easily.

3. Mr. Phillips is talkative.....his wife is shy and reserved.

Despite -- because of —whereas – due to -- that's why

4. Many countries still can't reduce unemployment..... making big effort.

5. Many people in the village don't know how to write or read., a local organization has set up a literacy program for them.

6. The computer is an amazing means of entertainment..... its efficiency at work.

in addition to – nevertheless – since- therefore- in spite of – furthermore

7. his parents' care and encouragement, Soufien has received a good education.

8. Sue worked hard get a good mark in the final exam.

9. the geography test was easy, many students didn't get a good mark.

so as to - despite - although - therefore - thanks to - because

10. Jane was often absent from work;, her director dismissed her.

11. I'll try to find some time to see you this afternoon I have so many things to do.

12. Thousands of people are driven out of their homes civil wars in many parts of the world.

whereas - due to - as a result - despite - though - so as to

13. Ali had to stay in hospital his serious illness.

14. We set up this association help illiterate women learn how to read and write.

in order to - however - because of - although - therefore

15. kids can use computers to learn, play games or surf the Net. They can use them to communicate with the outside world.

16. Many Moroccan families have returned to Morocco from Libya the conflict there.

in addition to - in spite of - because of - although - also

17. Football fans often follow their teams to foreign countries to support them.

18. Air pollution is mainly smoke from cars and factories.

As a result - due to - however - despite - so as to

19. Jelloul speaks three foreign languages he has never been to school.

20. The doctor says that Amal's sleeping problems are the long hours she spends online.

Besides - despite - that's why - although - due to

B. JOIN THE FOLLOWING PAIRS OF WORDS WITH THE GIVEN WORDS.

1. Many people learn computer skills. They want to get better jobs. **(so as to)**

2. Taoufik had family problems. He couldn't concentrate on his work. **(because of)**

3. Amine is a fan of Real Madrid. His two brothers like FC Barcelona. **(whereas)**

4. Najib and his friends collected money. They wanted to plant trees in their school. **(in order to)**

5. The children were exhausted after the trip. They went to bed immediately. **(That's why)**

6. Rachid's communication skills have improved. His coach helped him a lot. **(thanks to)**

7. The local authorities opened new schools. They wanted to serve their community better. **(so as to)**

8. The government invests a lot of money on tourism. Not many tourists visit our town. **(however)**

-
9. Tom and his wife needed more money. They decided to work over time. **(because)**
-
10. Many people still use plastic bags. They are dangerous for the environment. **(although)**
-
11. Some killed workers emigrate. They aren't satisfied with low salaries in their home countries. **(therefore)**
-
12. We rarely play music at night. We don't want to disturb our neighbors. (so as not)
-
13. Hamid did a great job. He was not offered a better position. **(though)**
-
14. Souad didn't come to the show. She was sick. **(because of)**
-
15. We were unable to get financial support. We had to abandon the project. **(therefore)**
-
- ...
16. Anass was waiting for his teacher. He wanted to get his mark. **(so as to)**
-
-
17. Jamila didn't attend the meeting. Her son was ill. **(due to)**
-
- ...
18. Smoking is very bad. It should be forbidden in public places. **(therefore)**
-
19. Jamal spent all afternoon chatting. He didn't have time to do his homework. **(because)**
-
-
20. My friends decided to go on an excursion to the atlas Mountain. They might face difficulties. **(despite)**
21.
-
22. Mr. Ferguson's car broke down on the way. He was late for work. **(because)**
-
-
23. She went to work yesterday. She was not feeling well. **(although)**
-
- ...

24. My brother came home early. He wanted to watch the football match (**so as to**)
.....
...
25. Jawad read the instructions carefully. He wasn't able to install the printer. (**although**)
.....
....
26. Hind got the first prize. She made great efforts. (**thanks to**)
.....
27. New measures have been taken to reduce unemployment. Many people are still jobless. (**despite**)
.....
.....
28. Many students are dropping out of school. The school conditions have improved a lot. (**although**)
.....
.....
29. The Browns went to a famous restaurant. They wanted to celebrate their wedding anniversary. (**in order to**)
.....
...
30. Malaysia exports high technology. It invests in tourism as well. (**in addition to**)
.....
...
31. Randa went to work this morning. The doctor advised her to stay in bed. (**although**)
.....
.....
32. I like studying alone. My sister prefers working with a group. (**whereas**)
.....
...
33. Great efforts were made by the municipality. Our city has become cleaner. (**thanks to**)
.....
34. There is an economic crisis in the country. House prices are still high. (**despite**)
.....
...
35. My grandmother has taken illiteracy classes. She can read and write. (**thanks to**)
.....
...

36. The students planted many trees. They cleansed all the classrooms, too. (**not only.... but also**)

.....
...

37. Our local association is very active. Our neighbourhood is clean and safe. (**because**)

.....
.....

38. Kenza works hard at the office. She always finds some time to help her son with his homework. (**although**)

.....
...

39. Taoufik joined his friends on Facebook. He wanted to share his new photos with them. (**in order to**)

.....
...

C. REWRITE THE SAENTENCES BEGINNING WITH THE WORDS GIVEN.

1. Mr. Parker was poor; however, he managed to educate his kids well.
Despite
2. The Smiths didn't their daughter to university as they couldn't pay for her studies.
Because

Prepositions

FILL IN EACH GAP WITH THE APPROPRIATE PREPOSITION.

under- with- out- off- for

1. If you fill in this form appropriately, you will be selected the interview.
2. "parents are sometimes too severe Their kids." Mr. Collins said.

across - up - over - about - for

3. We couldn't set a company because our application for a loan was turned down.
4. New technologies have brought..... big changes in our daily life.

for - off - down

5. "don't forget to writethe doctor's phone number".

Mistake Correction

CORRECT THE UNDERLINED MISTAKES.

1. The boy has been working on the computer sincethree hours.
2. That's the song who got the first rank in the 'top tens'.
3. Whenever I see this film, I can't stop laugh
4. The doctor advised my mother not eating sugar any more.
5. Do you still remember the teachers whichtaught you in the primary school?

REPLACE THE UNDERLINED WORDS WITH THE APPROPRIATE PHRASAL VERBS FROM THE LIST.

got back - picked up - took out - got into - found out

1. The investigators were very professional. They discovered not only how the two criminals stopped the alarm system, but also how they entered the bedroom without breaking any windows.

VOCABULARY

Vocabulary: Gap-Filling

FILL IN EACH GAP WITH THE CORRECT WORD OR COLLOCATION FROM THE LIST :

1. **culture - education - literacy - opportunity - skill**
People who didn't have theto go to school can join classes, where they can learn reading, writing and numeracy.
2. **rights – equal - countries - technical - communities**
 - a. The UNESCO helps local.....in rural areas to fight illiteracy.
 - b. All citizens should haveopportunities regardless of their race, gender or age.
3. **schools - care - technical - poverty - projects - community**
Helix International is a non-governmental organisation. It aims at reducing in the developing world by running a number of These include building roads and health centres. It also providesassistance to governments and local NGOs.
4. **Opportunity - care - place - community - equal**
 - a. Our localhas launched a project to build a stadium.
 - b. Sophia takes..... of her little sister whenever her parents go shopping.
5. **Harmful - connection - consumption - common - powerful**
 - a. The main objective of advertising is to encourage
 - b. Excessive use of mobile phones can be to your health.
6. **Digital - rights - community - equal – gap - subjects**
The new project is designed to help the local to build two new schools. It will surely provide opportunities for girls and boys to benefit from primary education, which is one of the basic human
7. **Place - care - taking - fun - solving**

- a. Some students have problems with notetechniques.
- b. Betty always takesof her little sister when her mother is busy.

8. formal – defend - achievement - prevent - argreement - global

- a. We should do our best topeople from employing children.
- b. Many world leaders attended last year’s conference onwarming.
- c. Hind’s parents are satisfied with her at school.

9. Care –subject- gap - attention - access

- a. Many people in the countryside now have to water and electricity.
- b. ‘Which schooldo you find most interesting ?’ Dad asked.

10. Adult illiteracy - take place - equal opportunity - higher education - take care

- a. After the Bac, students can continue theirat universities in Morocco or abroad.
- b. The teachers’ meeting willin the library at 11 o’clock tomorrow.

11. Brain - go - take - equal - make - health - sense- turn

- a. Whenever youthrough a crisis, remember to talk to your best friends.
- b. My uncle has a goodof humour, he always tells jokes.
- c. All children should haveopportunities to be educated.
- d. The World Football Cup will place in South Africa soon.

12. Non-formal - cooperation - labour - non-profit - conference

UNESCO is aorganisation which contributes to peace and security by promoting internationalthrough education, science and culture.

13. film making - have access - take place - have fun - note taking - take care

- a. Many people do notto the internet in the countryside.
- b. Listening and Are important skills to understand presentations at the university.
- c. “Where will the next conference.....?” The journalist asked .

14. voluntary - nations - participation - critical - assistance - organisations

Non-governmentalin Morocco play an active role in society. Some of them provide financialto poor families while others take part in work such as protecting the environment.

15. costly - participation - ability - annual - contribution

- a. Working mothers can make a financialto their households.
- b. Providing drinking water for all the countryside is a project.

16. have access - pay attention - computer system - have fun - take care - computer illiterate

Jane: I tried toto this new website, but I couldn't. Can you show me how to do that ? You know I am almost a
Mary : Well, just wait a minute ! I'll show you how to do that, but you have to.....so that you can remember the steps.
Jane : Ok, let's try.

17. part - place - rights - disaster - care

- a. Immediately after the natural, the government provided the victims with shelter, food and medicine.
- b. The meeting will take Tomorrow at 3 :00 p.m.

18. access - rural - thinking - place - system - formal

- a. One of the characteristics of a good educational is its ability to encourage criticalin students.
- b. Nowadays many people haveto the internet, even those living in areas.

19. pride - humour - responsibility

Kelly often tells funny jokes to her classmates, she has a good sense of

20. drawing - having - paying

The pupils were not really attention to the lesson.

21. disagreement - exclude - pace - empower - status - development

The best way towomen and improve their is to educate them. It's also useful to help them become

financially independent. Thus, they can participate in the of their society.

22. goods - materials - services - customs

Many European countries import rawfrom Africa.

23. targets - effects - nerves - needs

Scientists have been warning against the hazardous of pollution for many years.

24. lighted - congested - enriched - oppressed

As our street is in the town centre, it is usuallyespecially in the rush hours.

25. looking forward to - combine - gifted - caring - damaged - interest - disappointed - amazing

Reda is ayoung student ; he does complex mathematical calculations quickly. He also shows in foreign languages. His ability to write in English isHe ispublishing an English school magazine soon.

26. achievement - education - awareness - assistance - agreement

- a. The government has signed an international to fight organised crime.
- b. The aim of this campaign is to raise students'about the importance of reading.

27. terms - lines - rights - notes - skills

- a. Free access to education is one of the basic human
- b. "You should takewhile I am explaining." The teacher told his students.

Word Formation

GIVE THE CORRECT FORM OF THE WORDS IN BRACKETS.

1. This year's economic growth will help (creation) further job opportunities for youths.
2. There's a high (illiterate)..... rate in the countryside in Morocco!
3. The bride smiled in a (meaning).....way.
4. The government's (economy)policy has led to more protests.
5. The campsite is easily (access).....by this dirt track.
6. Our math teacher is taking early (retire).....this year!
7. In her (child)....., Betty used to sing in the bathroom.
8. The (perform).....of Moroccan athletes at the London Paralympics was excellent.
9. If you need any (inform)....., just get in touch with the secretary.
10. Hanane Al Fadili is a famous Moroccan (art).....; her performances always reflect great talent and (creative).....
11. Samir: How can I get a (member)..... to join the club?
Secretary: just fill in this form with (person).....information and pay the fees.
12. Morocco is a tourist (attract).....for its nice weather, the hospitality and (kind)..... of its people.
13. The aim of this campaign is to raise people's (aware)..... about the importance of blood donation.
14. A good relationship between parents can have a positive effect on a child's (personal)
15. More and more parents are worried about their children's (addict) to computers and smart phones. They say that these means of (entertain) are isolating them from the real world.

16. I'm really sorry for this (understanding).....; I didn't mean to hurt you.
17. Recent developments in (medical).....have given people a lot of hope.
18. We can't start our community project if we don't get any (finance) aid.
19. We didn't receive your (apply) form in due time.
20. A lot of (art)..... and cultural events take place in the Imilchil festival. The (popular)..... of this festival is increasing year after year.
21. Talented people are often (ambition..... and creative.
22. Some parents show a lot of (tolerant)..... towards their kids' behavior.
23. Every summer, a lot of (culture).....events take place in Morocco.
24. The most important key to success in business is good (manage).....
25. I finally got a job. I now feel (independence)of my parents.
26. The city council has made the necessary (arrange)..... for the summer festival.
27. Some people (criticism)..... the government's actions against corruption.
28. Many children can use computers without adult (assist)
29. It is (danger) to ride a motorcycle without wearing a helmet.
30. "Here's your new computer, take (careful) of it," Samir's father said.
31. Active (citizen)..... can be defined as the (involve) of citizens in public life through their (participate) in the communities' projects that can (contribution)..... to the improvement of people's living conditions.

32. In many developing countries, international organisations are making great efforts to fight (poor).....and help (illiteracy) people to read and write.
33. Brain drain is the (emigrate).....of skilled people to better geographic, economic or (profession).....environments.
34. NGOs receive (finance)..... help depending on their activities.
35. "I didn't order all these tables; it was just a (misunderstand)", The secretary said.
36. Some NGOs make a lot of efforts to (improvement) women's position in society . They provide some of them with (finance) assistance and help others to attend (literate) classes.
37. Reducing the rates of drop-outs in Morocco will be an important (achieve)
38. Fatima will be (promotion) for her hard work.
39. Many NGOs contribute to the (develop) of citizenship values.
40. The United Nations is an international (organise) which aims at the (establish) of a (peace) world.
41. Parents often worry about their children's (addict).....to computer games. They think that playing games for a long time can be (harm) to their children's health. They are also afraid of changes that might occur in their (behave)
42. In his (interest) article about education, the journalist states that (illiterate) is a real obstacle to the (develop) of African countries.

Functions

Functions (Matching)

1. MATCH EACH STATEMENT WITH ITS APPROPRIATE FUNCTION.

SENTENCES	FUNCTIONS
1. "In my view, parents are too tolerant with their kids," Harry told his classmates.	a. purpose
2. Brain drain refers to the emigration of educated and skilled people.	b. opinion
3. Computers are used not only for learning but also for entertainment.	c. defining
4. "our team trained hard so as to be ready for the final match," the coach said	d. addition

SENTENCES	FUNCTIONS
1. As a result of global warming, the world climate has changed a lot 2. A lot of people get in touch with associations in order to receive help 3. Although Nancy went on a strict diet, she didn't lose weight 4. As far as I am concerned, the Internet is very useful	a. purpose b. cause and effect c. opinion d. concession

SENTENCES	FUNCTIONS
1. 'You'd better do some exercises in the workbook.' 2. 'Could you close the window please?'	a. requesting b. apologising c. suggesting

SENTENCES	FUNCTIONS
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<p>1. "you'd better revise your lessons regularly."</p> <p>2. "I'm sorry to say this, but your dog was barking all night long."</p>	<p>a. Requesting</p> <p>b. Complaining</p> <p>c. Giving opinion</p> <p>d. advising</p>

SENTENCES	FUNCTIONS
<p>1. I'm sorry, I took your keys by mistake," he said.</p> <p>2. Nancy took up English lessons to increase her chances to get the job.</p> <p>3. "would you like a cup of tea?"he asked me.</p> <p>4. Mr Baker attended the meeting despite hi sickness.</p>	<p>a. Concessio n</p> <p>b. Apology</p> <p>c. Offering</p> <p>d. purpose</p>

EXPRESSIONS	FUNCTIONS
<p>1. "Why don't you join our sport team?"Tom asked his classmates.</p> <p>2. "Could you make a photocopy for me, please?" Linda asked.</p> <p>3. "I'm sorry, I've given you the wrong change," The shop assistant said.</p> <p>4. She didn't train hard; as a result, she lost the tennis tournament.</p>	<p>a. Apologising</p> <p>b. Cause and effect</p> <p>c. Requesting</p> <p>d. suggesting</p>

EXPRESSIONS	FUNCTIONS
1. A polyglot is someone who speaks many languages. 2. Last winter, many flights at Heathrow airport were cancelled due to bad weather. 3. "could you help me repair my compute, please?" 4. Besides having a villa in the city, the Smiths own a farm in the countryside.	a) Request b) Addition c) Cause and effect d) definition

SENTENCES	FUNCTIONS
1. Many people attended the match despite the bad weather. 2. The wedding party was delayed due to financial problem. 3. He's learning Spanish so as to communicate with his Spanish wife. 4. Physical exercise helps you keep fit. It can also make you feel relaxed.	a) Cause and effect b) Concession c) Addition d) purpose

SENTENCES	FUNCTIONS
1. "I personally think that women shouldn't stay at home." 2. "I'm really sorry; I'm late again."	a) Complaining b) Expressing opinion c) Offering d) apologizing

SENTENCES	FUNCTIONS
1. You should review your lessons regularly.	a. Expressing

	opinion
2. Sorry, what do you mean by gender?	b. Giving advice
3. What about having tagine for lunch?	c. Making a suggestion
4. In my view, parents should control their children's use of the Internet.	d. Asking for clarification

EXPRESSIONS	FUNCTIONS
1. Could I use your computer to send your an email? 2. What do you mean by "sustainable"? 3. I have no appetite these days, what should I do? 4. Glad to hear that, congratulation!	a. Expressing lack of understanding b. Asking for advice c. Making a request d. Responding to good news

SENTENCES	FUNCTIONS
1. Anthropology is the study of people, their societies and cultures. 2. " could you help me with the luggage, please?" 3. " I'm terribly sorry for the mess I've made in the kitchen." 4. "for me, developing countries should invest in education."	a. Making a request b. Expressing an opinion c. Defining d. apologizing

SENTENCES	FUNCTIONS
1. For me, children should not watch horror films.	a. Purpose

2. This washing machine is not only cheap but also efficient.	b. Opinion
3. “ could you fix this wheel for me, please?”	c. Request
4. Nicole took a taxi so as to be in time for the interview.	d. addition

SENTENCES	FUNCTIONS
1. Mohamed Chokri received a literary prize. Besides his books have been translated into many languages.	a. Expressing cause and effect
2. ‘Transglot’ is a program which helps you translate technical document.	b. Defining
3. Generally, road accidents are due to drivers’ carelessness.	c. Expressing purpose
4. I need to take a day off to go to the doctor’s.	d. Expressing addition

SENTENCES	FUNCTIONS
1. How sad!	a. Complaining
2. I wonder if you could explain that.	b. Responding to bad news
3. If I were you, I’d look for another job.	c. Giving advice
4. Sorry to say this, but you’re disturbing all your neighbours.	d. Asking for clarification

EXPRESSIONS	FUNCTIONS
1. Could you translate this article for me?	a. Expressing regret

2. Sorry to say this, but your assistant was rude to me.	b. Expressing lack of understanding
3. It's a pity I can't attend the meeting.	c. complaining
4. I'm afraid I didn't get your point.	d. Making a request

EXPRESSIONS	FUNCTIONS
1. I think that Bayern Munich is the best football team.	a. Suggesting
2. If only we hadn't spoken to him that way.	b. Expressing opinion
3. I'm sorry to say this, but these aren't the printers I ordered.	c. Regretting
4. What about eating out together tonight?	d. complaining

18. COMPLETE THE CHART WITH THE RIGHT FUNCTION FROM THE LIST.

Giving advice – defining – making a request – asking for opinion – expressing addition – expressing concession – making a suggestion

SENTENCES	FUNCTIONS
0. You'd better see a doctor for this terrible headache.	Giving advice
1. Do you think married women should stay at home.
2. She became a manager despite her lack of experience.
3. It's Mother's Day. Why don't we buy something for mom?
4. Geology is the study of the rocks and similar substances that make up the Earth's surface.

Functions (Responding to Situations)

A. WRITE APPROPRIATE RESPONSES TO THE FOLLOWING SITUATIONS.

1. Your friend: You look so tired. What's the matter?
You: I have a terrible pain in my leg (Ask for advice)
Your friend: Well. (Give advice)
You : Yes, you're right.
2. Friend: I have a terrible fever.
You: (give advice)
.....
3. Neighbour: you were playing loud music late last night. I couldn't sleep.
You: (apologise)
4. Your friend: I've just bought a new electric guitar.
You: (Respond to this good news)
5. Your classmate lent you a dictionary but you lost it .
You :(Apologize)
6. Manager: Can I help you sir?
You: (complain about the bad service in the restaurant)
.....
7. Manager: (apologise and promise to talk to the waiter).....
You: Thank you.
8. John: Brain Drain can be turned into brain gain.
You :(Ask for clarification).....
9. You :(apologize for not doing the homework).....
Teacher: That's ok; but you have to bring it tomorrow
10. (Your classmate often comes late to school.)
You:(give him an advice)
11. Michael: Could you please scan this document for me?
You: (Respond to this request)
12. Your friend: I've just got my Baccalaureate.
You: (congratulate him or her)
13. Mr White: Teenagers are not interested in politics.

You: (express disagreement).....

14. You forgot your text book at home.

You: (Apologise to your
teacher.)

15. You need your friend's mobile phone to call your parents.

You: (Make a
request.)

16. Speaker: Video conferencing is very effective in distance learning.

You: (Express lack of
understanding)

17. Father: The use of the internet may have bad effects on your studies.

You: (Express disagreement)
.....

Writing Topics

Descriptive Writing

Your school organised a party to celebrate the end of the school year. Write a short article for your school magazine to describe this event. (approximately 250 words)

These questions may help you :

- When did the party take place ?
- Who participated ?
- What activities were there ?
- How did you feel about it ?

Write an e-mail to your friend describing the best place you have ever visited (approximately 250 words)

Here are some cues to help you :

- Name of the place (city, village, countryside, forest, beach,...)
- Time of the visit (weekend, Sunday, holidays, summer,...)
- Characteristics (attractive, nice, interesting, modern, traditional,...)
- Your feelings (happy, satisfied, unforgettable, memorable,...)

Your English friend wants to know more about cultural events in Morocco. Write an e-mail to him/her describing a Moroccan cultural event (a festival, a celebration, a moussem, a feast, ... etc)

Read this part of an e-mail from your American friend and write a reply

‘ I’ve heard that Ramadan is a special month in your country. I’d love to know more about it. Do you really give up eating and drinking during the day ? What kind of food do you eat in the evening ? Do people work during the day ? What do you do in the evening ? Are there any special things you do during this month ?’

Argumentative Writing

Some people think that women should stay at home, while others think that they should go out to work. The English Magazine « She & He » wants to know readers opinions about this issue. Write an article for this magazine expressing your opinion. Support your point of view with arguments and examples.

The following TV programmes aim at helping gifted youths start a career in singing, dancing, performing magic tricks, or any other artistic performances.

Studio 2M Star Academy Superstar Arab Idol Bghit ndouz f 2M

Do you think that these programmes are beneficial to teenagers ?

Write a letter to your school magazine to express your opinion. Support your point of view with arguments and examples.

Write an article for a health magazine about the disadvantages and advantages of using bicycles as a means of transport.

Advantages	Disadvantages
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• inexpensive means of transport• food for health• protects the environment...	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• not practical in bad weather• may not be safe on busy roads• not practical for long distance..

An international company is planning to build a chemical factory near the area where you live. Some people like this project while others are against it.

Write an article to be published in your school magazine about the advantages and disadvantages of the project, and give your opinion.

Expository Writing

The emigration of skilled workers is a real problem for their countries of origin. Write an e-mail to the editor of the website www.globaldebate.org in which you explain why these people emigrate and suggest ways to encourage them to stay in their own countries.

The website www.topTVprogrammes.org is collecting youth opinions about their favourite TV programmes. Write an e-mail to the editor of the website about your favourite TV programme. In your e-mail, include the following information :

- Title and type of the programme
- TV channel
- Day and time
- Animator/presenter
- What is it about and why you like it etc...

An English friend of yours has decided to live in Morocco, and he/she needs your help to choose a city or town. Write an email to your friend to explain why the city or town you suggest is good for him/her to live in. (approximately 200 words)

The following cues may help you:

- Name of the cit/ town
- Geographical location (north/south/eat/east- near the sea/ mountains, etc...) weather.
- People
- Customs
- Historical monuments- interesting places
- Economy

Facilities- libraries- shopping centres- schools- transport, etc.

In Morocco, road accidents are responsible for death and injury of many people. You think that students at your school should know about this serious problem.

Write an article for your school magazine explaining the causes and consequences of the problem and suggesting ways to reduce the number of road accidents in Morocco. (approximately 250 words)

The following notes may help you:

Causes: careless drivers/ bad roads/ bad cars/ corruption/ using mobile phones while driving

Consequences: dead/ handicapped people, orphans, widows, waste of money, etc.

Solutions: educate/ inform people, punish bad drivers.

Persuasive Writing

Foreign languages can help you a lot in your life. Write a short article to be published in your school magazine about the advantages of learning foreign languages.

Read this extract from an article about teenagers.

“Teenagers today do not listen to adults’ advice, do not think about the consequences of their actions and do not have a sense of responsibility.”

Write a letter to the editor saying whether you agree or disagree with this opinion. Give reasons and examples to support your point of view.

Your friend spends long hours chatting or playing video games.

Write an email to tell him/her about the negative consequences of this habit on his/her studies, health and social life. Suggest ways to stop this bad habit.

Dear.....,

Should parents limit and control their children’s use of the internet or should they allow to use it whenever they want?

Write a short article to be published in your school magazine expressing your opinion. Give arguments to support your view.

The editor of your English school magazine needs contributions for a campaign about protecting the environment.

Write an article for the magazine to explain how people can protect the environment. (approximately 200 words)

These cues may help you:

Planting trees

- Creating green areas for children
- Cleaning streets
- Reducing pollution (water/air)
- Avoiding using cars during the weekend
- Recycling the plastic bottles, etc.

Narrative Writing

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The editor of your school magazine is inviting students to write about successful people.

Write the story of a successful person you know (relative, friend, neighbor, star,...)

This is part of an email you received from your English friend:

"In general, my school experience in high school was very beneficial. I've made many friends. I enjoyed all my classes., especially English. Our basketball team won two tournaments. I went to three excursions. Our citizenship club was very active. What about your experience? Was it good?"

Write a reply in which you tell about your experience in high school

Film Review

You saw a film you liked very much in the cinema, on TV, etc. Write a review of that film. (Approximately 200 words)

Here are some suggestions to help you :

- Title of the film
- When and where you saw it
- Where is it set (place, time)
- Type of film (love story, detective story, thriller, science fiction, etc)
- Actors in the film, film director, etc.
- The story, how it ended
- Your reaction to the film

Write a review of a film you have recently seen :

These cues may help you :

- What's the title of the film ?
- What type of film is it ? (love story, thriller, action film, comedy, science fiction...)
- Who are the actors ?
- What is the film about?
- What is your opinion about it?

Reports

You attended an Event organized by your school environment club to celebrate Earth Day.

Use the information in the chart below to write a report about this event.

Organisers	Club members and some teachers
Topic	Environmental problems in the region
Date and Place	22 nd April, Municipality conference room
Participants	about 120 people: teachers, students, environmentalists. school, environment clubs, factory owners, NGOS...
Activities	Presentations, a film and discussion
Conclusion	opinions and reactions

Use the information in the chart to write a report for your school magazine about the 28th Marathon des Sables (the Sand Marathon) which was held in April.

Aim of the Marathon	to collect money for the poor
Date	from April 5 th to 15 th
Distance	about 240 Km
Place	In the south of Morocco- near Ouarzazate
Race Challenges	Competitors carry basic supplies (food, clothes, sleeping bags, etc.) Water is distributed every 10 Km.
Participants	1017, men and women, aged 18 up to 80 years/ from all over the world
Winners	women's race: Laurence Klein (France) Men's race : Mohamad Ahnsal (Morocco)
Prize ceremony	winners received awards
Conclusion	your opinion about the event

